

$$9 \quad a = 1 + 3\sqrt{t} \quad \frac{\text{mph}}{\text{sec}}$$

$$a) \int_0^9 1 + 3\sqrt{t} \, dt + v_0$$

$$b) v = \int 1 + 3\sqrt{t} \, dt = t + 3t^{3/2} + C$$

initial conditions $t=0 \quad v=0 \quad C=0$

$$v = t + 3 \cdot \frac{2}{3} t^{3/2}$$



$$344.5 \text{ ft}$$

$$\int_0^9 t + 2t^{3/2} \, dt =$$

$$234.4 \text{ mph} \cdot \text{sec}$$

$$234.4 \frac{\text{mi}}{\text{hr}} \cdot \frac{\text{sec}}{\text{hr}} \frac{\text{hr}}{3600 \text{ sec}}$$

$$.065 \text{ mi}$$

$$.065 \text{ mi} \cdot 5280 \frac{\text{ft}}{\text{mi}}$$

Jan 12-9:22 AM

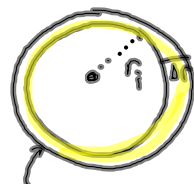
23.

$$\text{density} = 10,000(2-r)$$

$$\text{if } r=1, \quad d = 10,000 \frac{\text{people}}{\text{mi}^2}$$

$$a) r=2$$

b)



$$\Delta A = 2\pi r \Delta r$$

$$c) \Delta P \approx 10,000(2-r) \cdot 2\pi r \Delta r$$

approx total pop

$$\approx \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{i=1}^n$$

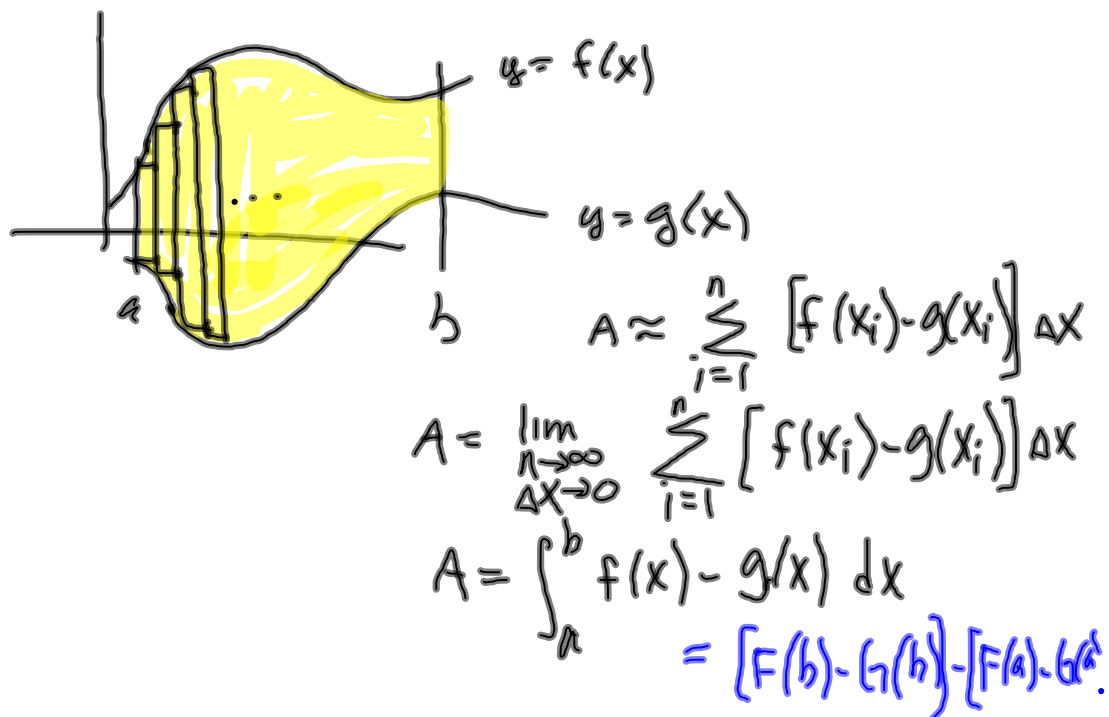
$$10,000(2-r_i) 2\pi r \Delta r$$

$$d) = \int_0^2 10,000(2-r) 2\pi r \, dr$$

$$= 83,775.8 \text{ people}$$

Jan 12-9:35 AM

7.2 area between 2 curves

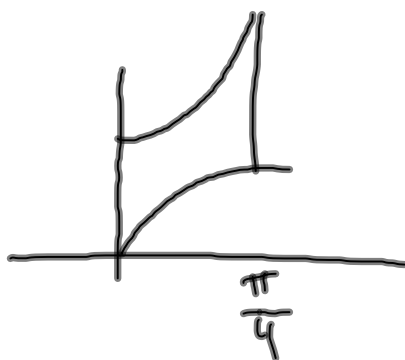


Jan 12-9:45 AM

$$y = \sec^2 x$$

$$y = \sin x$$

$$[0, \frac{\pi}{4}]$$



$$\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{4}} \sec^2 x - \sin x \, dx$$

$$\tan x + \cos x \Big|_0^{\frac{\pi}{4}}$$

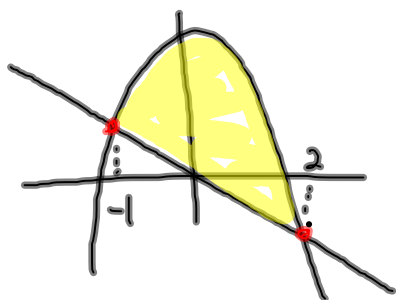
$$\left(\tan \frac{\pi}{4} + \cos \frac{\pi}{4} \right) - (\tan 0 + \cos 0)$$

$$1 + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} - 0 - 1$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

Jan 12-9:54 AM

Find the area bound by $y = 2 - x^2$ & $y = -x$



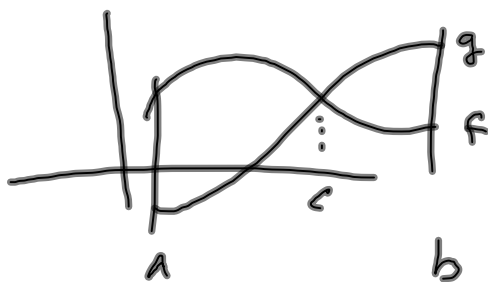
$$\int_{-1}^2 (2 - x^2 - (-x)) dx$$

$$2 - x^2 = -x$$

$$0 = x^2 - x - 2$$

$$0 = (x - 2)(x + 1)$$

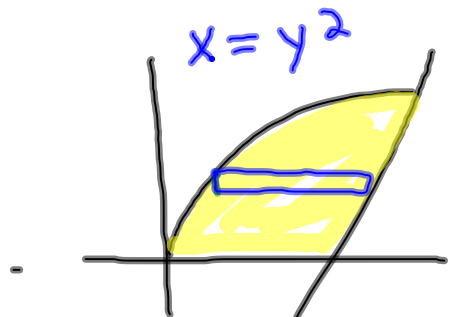
Jan 12-10:02 AM



$$\int_a^c f - g \, dx + \int_c^b g - f \, dx$$

Jan 12-10:07 AM

Ex 4 $y = \sqrt{x}$, $y = x - 2$, x -axis



$$x = y + 2$$

$$\int_0^2 (y + 2 - y^2) dy$$

$$y^2 = y + 2$$

$$y = 2$$

Jan 12-10:08 AM